| ADVERT | SING DIE | ECTURI. |
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| MEW ADVERTISEMS | | |
| FIRST PAGE. Special Notices Wanted New Publications Amusements Buarding, Sales by Auction | Pianos Insurance Coal | Legal Notices California |

BY LEARY & Co., Hatters, and Leaders of Fashion for Gentiemens Hats, 3, 4 and 5 Astor House, Will introduce the style for the season on Saturday, 15th

KNox, the Hatter, and Leader of Fashion for Gentlemen's Hais, 123 Fulton-st. will introduce the style for the season on Saturday, 15th. 11f 5t.

Sound, Moral Amusements .- It would be difficult to find a drama of real life, of more intense interest or purer morality, then the Seamstress of Paris, at Barnum's Museum this afternoon. You could not find anything more innocent, yet more laughable than the Beauty and the Beauty done this evening. The Mammoth Girl is still there.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY. - Messrs. WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY. — Messifs.
Goupil & Co. respectfully beg leave to call the attention of the presiding members of the meetings which will be held on the occasion of Washington's Birthday, to the following National Engraving, just issued: Stuart's Powrant or Washington. This portrait executed in Paris, by Fanoil, after Smart's celebrated original picture in the possession of the Boston Attenuum, is the only correct likeness of Washington. The head is the size of life, and represents a correct fac-simile of the features of this great man. Size of the print, 18 by 20 Inches. Price of each copy, plain, \$1 25; thated, \$2; colored, \$3; colored, with dark ground, \$1 25; thated, \$2; colored, \$3; colored, with dark ground, the country attended to with care and dispatch.

GOUPIL & CO., Publishers, 229 Broadway.

Parisian Correspondence of the N Y. Herald.

New Engravings — Among the most admirable exhibitions ever seen in Paris, I think it my duty to mention, here, that of Messrs. Goupil & Go, the famed print-seliers of the Boulevard Montmarter, who have published, during the last month, a number of engravings of the highest order. I will name, among them, 'The Multiplication of Bread,' engraved by Gauthier, after Debufe; 'The Separation of the Apostes,' engraved by Gauthier, after Greye; 'The Season of Flowers, and that of Fruits; two admirable portraits of women, by Vidal, engraved by Posselwhite; 'Lost Illustons,' and 'Dream of Happinoss,' engraved by Jazet, after the celebrated pictures of Gleyre and Papetty. The above splendid prints have just been received by the undersigned, who take this opportunity to call the attention of masters to a superb landscape, painted by one of the best artists of the French school.

WALLER & KREPS, 342 Broadway.

NEEDLEWORK INSERTINGS AND EDG-INGS.—A new and beautiful lot just received and offered at an unusually small profit; a lot open work Cambric Colers, very fine, 25 per cent under usual price; another lot Muslin Breakfast Sleeves at 1s fid per pair; Embroidered Lawn Hoks, from \$1. remarkably cheap. Also, Lece and Muslin Under Sleeves, Veils, Triuming Laces, Infants Walsts, Rohes and Cusp, Goliars and Cuffs, &c. at New-MAN's, \$31\frac{1}{2}} Broadway.

WHAT SAY THE FACULTY ?- One of the WHAT SAY THE FACULTY!—One of the strongest evicences of the wooderful curative properties of Dr. Rocers's Syrup of Liverwort. Tar and Canchalagua, is the countenance and support it has received from Physicians of the first eminence. The public well know that they are the last to indorse any thing which is not presented in the Medical Talmud. But this preparation they are now recommending, as numbers of their autograph letters in the possesson of the proprietors conclustvely show. If they admit this Syrup to be a remedy for Pulmonary and Liver Complaints—if they say that it acts specially and beneficially on the Biliary Organs, and upon the Lungs, and if their opinion is confirmed by means of voluntary certificates from the cured, what further testimeny can be desired!

For sale at the Dépôt, 316 Broatway, and by all the city Retail Druggists. Frica, in large bottles, \$1.

After the first lesson in Penmanship from Goldsmith, the well known Teacher, the improvement of the Pupil goes on with almost magical rapidity, and we seriously advise all who have neglected this branch of education to remedy the defect under his taition. A course of Class Lessons during the present month, only costs \$2.50, and the charge for private Lessons are moder-

We invite public attention to the sale of Real Estate at Auction, This Day, by Anthony J. BLEECKER, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants Exchange, consisting of the Houses and Lots, 249 Rivington-st; 67 Sheriffs at; 146 McDougal et; and 2 Building Lots on Twenty fifth-st. near Sixth-av. New York; and Houses and 8 Lots on Sixth at, South Eighth-st., and North Sixth-st. Williamsourgh. Particulars at the Sales Rooms, 7 Broad-st. (1336)

DR. TRAFTON'S Buckthorn Berry

At Home, At Church, Invitation and Visiting Canes elegantly Engraved and Printed in the latest styles at Evendent, See Broadway, cor. Duane-at. Also, elegant Envelopes, Wafers, Boxes for Cake and Silver Cord. Mr. Everdell has a branch store at 2 Wall-st. for the accommodation of his down town customers.

4f 4t TuWFAS*

EVERY MAN HIS OWN LANDLORD .-Mount Morris Homestead, situated on that beautiful level land fermerly known as the Harlem Race Course. The subscription list to the above desirable property is rapidly filling up. The lots are selected on subscription, thus giving the earliest applicants the best choice. Thirty per cent. of the purchase money can be paid by instalments, the balance can remain on mortgage 5 or 10 years. Every facility will be given and money advanced to build. For prospec-tures apply to S. JESSURUN, S Clinton Court, Beekman-st. near Nassu-st. 8f 3t

FOWLERS & WELLS, Phrenologists and Publishers, Clinton Hall, 131 Nassau-st near the Park.

PHILADELPHIA. Coal Heavers' Strike-Conviction for Murder

-Markets, &c. Cerrespondence of The Tril PHILADELPHIA, Monday, Feb. 10.

The Coal heavers at 2 c mond still continue on the Coal heavers at 1. Substitute on the strike for higher wages, and still continue to manifest a turbulent disposition. This morning, two Germans were badly beaten as they were proceeding to work. Two or three arrests were

George Pharoah, on trial at Westchester, for the murder of Rachel Sharpless, the school teacher, has been found guilty of murder in the first degree. This Paroah is a nephew of Jabez Boyd, who was convicted and here. who was convicted and hung for the murder of Wesley Patton, in Chester County, about six

This morning, Henry Berkley Holdsworth, the young, good-looking English fugitive from justice, was discharged from custody, there not being sufwas discharged to hold, and no requisition has yet been made for his delivery. I am glad of it, as this crime was his firstoffense, and he has been taught a lesson which he can never forget. Beside, he is so young, and why crush one so new in life's ex-

The trial of Capt. Fred Binder, Englehard Pabet and John Astfalk, charged with murdering

STATISTICS OF THE PRESENTERIAN CHURCH.—This body is composed of the three Presbyteries of Manoning, Ripley and Felicity, Presbyteries of Mahoning, Ripley and Felicity, constituting by their Union the Free Synd of Cincinnati. The Presbytery of Ripley withdrew from the Synod of Cincinnati in October, 1846. It was divided, and the Presbytery of Hillsborough, (afterward called the Presbytery of Felicity, formed in Oct. 1847. The Members who formed the Free Presbytery of Mahoning left the Old School Synods of Pittsburg and Wheeling in May and June, 1847. This Presbytery was organized on the 26th October of the same year. It was organized with three ministers and five Churches. The ministers were A. B. Bradford, S. A. M. Lean and Joseph Gordon. The Presbyteries of Ripley and Joseph Gordon. The Presbyteries of Ripley and Hillsborough at the time the Free Synod of Cincinnati was organized numbered nine ministers. The Free Synod of Cincinnati was organized on the 4th of Nov., 1846, in the 2d Church of

Ripley.

The Presbytery of Ripley now contains 10 ministers, Felicity 7, and the Free Presbytery of Mahoning 18.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, FEB. 11.

F Democratic Whig General Committee .-An adjourned meeting of this Committee will be held on TUESDAY EVENING, Feb. 11, 1851, at 7½ o'clock, at the Broadway House By order. SYLVANUS S. WARD, Jos. M. PRICE,
BENEDICT LEWIS, Jr. Secs. p. tem.

Ch'n pro tem.

10f 2t

For California.

We shall issue THIS MORNING The Tribune for California, Oregon and the Sandwich Islands. It will contain all the Latest Foreign and Domestic News, Congressional Proceedings, City News, Money and Market Reports, Marriages, Deaths, &c. Persons wishing copies of this paper will please leave their orders early this morning. Price, single numbers, sixpence.

For Europe.

The next number of The Tribune for European circulation will be issued THIS MORNING at 9 o'clock. It will contain all the latest news up to the time of going to press. The Canada sails from Boston To-Morrow at 12 o'clock.

Correction .- Near the close of our Central American news in yesterday's paper, 'covert allusion' by Chatfield to our Government is misprinted 'correct allusion.'

To Correspondents.

No Gammon.—If you were not a coward as well as a cheat, you would have signed your own name to your article. No man who has the courage and honor of an average pickpocket ever sends an anonymous letter embodying strictures on the integrity or sincerity of another.

U. S. SENATOR .- By our Telegraphic report, it will be seen that Mr. Schoonma-KER (straight Whig) yesterday introduced to the State Senate a bill to provide for the election of a United States Senator in place of Daniel S. Dickinson. Our advices lead us to believe that it is destined to pass.

GUATEMALA AND SAN SALVADOR .- We last night received intelligence from Washington, which indicates that the Administration is fully awake to the present interesting posture of Central American affairs. The Chevalier Gomez, late Envoy to Rome, from the States of Guatemala and San Salvador, is now in Washington. In accordance with the desire of the Administration, as our correspondent intimates, he has assumed, provisionally, the duties of Chargé for those States, and has addressed a long letter to Mr. Webster in reference to the present condition and relations of the Central American States. Mr. Webster has replied in a letter, expressing the views of our Government on the subject. The Chevalier Gomez, our correspondent adds, has been treated with marked attention, both by the Secretary of State and by Sir Henry Bulwer.

In Congress, Yesterday.

In the Senate several petitions were presented for the establishment of a line of steamers to Africa, against amending the Patent laws, and against the Fagitive Slave law. Mr. Bright introduced a bill explanatory of that law. The Deficiency Bill was ordered to be engrossed.

The House spent the day in a most edifying debate on the bill to establish a Board of Accounts, and finally destroyed the bill, substituting for it another authorizing claimants to sue the United States, but adjourned before acting finally upon it.

Central America.

The news received from Nicaragua and other Central American States by the late arrival is deeply interesting. Mr. Frederick Chatfield, who has so long been engaged in bullying by wholesale the People of those feeble, distracted States, is evidently hastening his operations in a view of the prospect of their speedy close. No forty men in the pay of our Government could do so much to destroy British influence and render the British name detested throughout that region as he is rapidly accomplishing. We believe he would effect all that is desirable if simply left to himself; but there is another course equally unexceptionable and of which the auspicious results cannot be doubtful.

Whatever may be the case with other Nations, ours has no interest nor semblance of interest which would not be promoted by the growth, tranquillity, harmony and greatness of the sister Republics on our Continent. Their weakness is our grief, their discord our misfortune. The disruptions of the Colombian and Central American Republics were not promoted by our citizens nor accordant with our wishes. We do not wish to glut them with our fabrics nor to hold them in a state of Commercial vassalage. We would much rather see them learning to supply their own wants, and thus naturalizing the Useful Arts and diversifying their Industry, than to enjoy ourselves the profits of a more entensive and lucrative trade with them.

Being, therefore, by position and sympathies the natural ally of the younger Republics of this Continent, it becomes this Country to manifest a cordial interest in their welfare and an earnest desire to serve them to the extent of her power. The present crisis manifestly calls for a revival of that policy inaugurated in 1826--7, by Messrs. Adams and Clay in creating the Panama Mission, and so unworthily, virulently assailed by the Opposition of that day. To entangling alliances and engagements for assistance and support, the genius of our Government is happily adverse; but much may be effected by a Government so independent and able as ours by the exercise of moral power alone. The States of Central America need the counsels of an enlightened, experienced and disinterested friend; thay need, above all things, the removal of distracting feuds and the restoration of a Federal Union among themselves. To this end, Mr. Chatfield has signally though unwittingly contributed; and all that is needed is but to perfect

the work he has so heedlessly commenced.

It seems to us that our Government should now send to Central America, instead of a Chargé d'Affaires to some particular State, or one to each State, a Minister Plenipotentiary of the very first character, fully accredited to and empowered to treat with all the States formerly composing the Federation, with the avowed purpose of counseling and laboring for its reconstruction. The man who should first be designated for that mission is HENRY CLAY; and, in case the weight of years should compel him to decline, either Mr. CRITTENDEN, or possibly an Embassy consisting of Mr. CRITTENDEN, Col. BENTON and Gen. Scott, might be deemed more advisable. Such an Embassy, conveyed in one of our largest and most effective National vessels, and confining its attention to the one great object of uniting the States of Central America afresh in the bonds of Federal Union, under a Constitution possessing a vigor and tenacity of life equal to ours, could hardly fail of signal and speedy success. And the reunion of those States, under the direct auspices of our Government, would be a guaranty of their future independence and freedom from insult. It would dispose of the British cavil against giving up San Juan de Nicaragua to the State of Nicaragua; since, whether that port belongs to this State or not, it would undoubtedly belong to the Central Federation. It would guaranty to all the States internal tranquillity and security, and enable them to give proper attention to their external relations and interests. It would remove all remaining obstacles to the construction of the Nicaragua Ship Canal. It would give a new impulse and wider diffusion to Yankee emigration to Central America, which is destined surely and speedily to transform and reinvigorate that inviting country. In short, it would secure us all the advantages of an annexation of that country without its evils.

-As to the matters in controversy between Mr. Chatfield and some of the Central American States, we think it far from advisable that our Government should directly interfere with them. Judging from our countrymen's experience in the several maritime portions of Spanish America, it is quite likely that he has plausible grounds of complaint of injury and wrong to British subjects to excuse his blockades and other highhanded measure. We do not hear his side of the story, nor is it material that we should. Enough for us that Great Britain is solemnly bound to us by Treaty, as we are to her, to make no conquests or other acquisitions of territory within the limits of Central America, and to relinquish any she may now possess. This compact we shall require her to fulfill, and she will fulfill it. The moderation of our Government will yet be seen to have been impelled by something quite other than inattention or indifference. Those who have united in the current denunciations of Mr. Webster's diplomacy will yet acknowledge that they judged hastily and rashly. The influence of the United States is morally certain soon to predominate in Central America, without a resort to bloodshed or bluster to uphold it. The surest means of establishing it are those consistent with Patience and

The Evening Mirror, edited by a Federal office-holder of Beekman-ish tendencies, proposes the breaking up of all existing parties and "the union of all Union men in the approaching Presidential contest." The Editor, after some 'highfaluting,' says:

"Upon this broad and independent issue of the Union, we believe either of the following Tickets may be triumphantly elected:

may be triumphantly elected:
For Freedom:
MILLARD FILLMORE,
DANIEL WEBSTER,
GEN SCOTT.
HENRY CLAY.
SAM HOUSTON,
THOMAS CORWIN."

Glorious Tom Corwin has cracked many a good joke in his day, but we are sure he will admit that none of them was so good as that involved in the idea of running him as Vice to Sam Houston. Sam don't want any Vice.

MICHIGAN.—The Opposition State Central Committee of this State, (of which George E. Hand is Chairman) recommend the holding of District Judicial Conventions for the nomination of Judges and Regents of the University. The appointment of Delegates is fixed at double the representation in the lower branch of the Legislature. As there are eight Districts, and separate Conventions of the different parties have been called, the election on the 7th of April promises to be an interesting one. So far the election of Judges by the people directly has resulted in the choice of able men.

ARKANSAS -- An editor, (Gen. George W. CLARKE, of the Van Buren Intelligencer,) is the most prominent candidate for the Opposition nomination for Congress in this State to succeed the present incumbent, Johnson. The Convention is called to meet on the 28th of April, and the delegates which have been elected, so far, express their preferences for Gen. C. He is now a member of the Legislature.

Iowa .- A State Convention of the Opposition is called, to nominate a candidate for Superintendent of Common Schools, to be held at Iowa City, Feb. 21. The present incumbent, (Thomas H. Benton, Jr.) in a letter immediately under the call in the State 'Democratic' paper, (the Reporter,) does not appear averse to a renomination, which is equivalent to an election, with the gouging and third party movements, so incidental to Iowa elections for some years past. Benton says he has concluded not to go to California.

DETROIT .- The ex Mayor of Detroit (James A. Van Dyke, Esq.) has been elected President of the very efficient Fire Department for the en-

SYRACUSE -John Thomas (Editor of the Liberty Party Paper) has received the nomination of his party for Mayor. The L.P. have also made nominations for Charter officers in the Fourth Ward-

ILLINOIS .- The State Anti-Slavery Convention of this State, was two days in session at Granville, on the 8th and 9th January. J. H. BRYANT of Bureau Co. was President, and G. Eastman of Cook, Secretary, with six Vice-Presidents. After the transaction of considerable incidental business a number of officers were chosen for the new Anti Slavery organization, headed by JAMES H. Collins, as President, twenty-five Vice-Presidents, two Secretaries, a Treasurer, and an Executive Committee of eight members. The usual action was taken against Slavery, and a Consti tution adopted for the State Anti-Slavery Society.

from which we clip the following:

That this Convention is not restricted in its efforts and sympathies to the emancipation of the slaves, but aims at the creation of righteous government, that will protect the rights of all men, and foreir all political reforms for the good of all the people, and the elevation of the human race; therefore we are in favor of "cheap postage for the people," the exemption of the homesteel from attachment and sale on execution, for the distribution of the public lands in limited quantities to actual sections, and all such other measures, as are truly for the interest of the common people, consistent with justice, natural rights, and the stability of good society. from which we clip the following:

MICHIGAN .- At a meeting at Flint, Genesee Co., which was attended by C. C. Hascall, (late the Cass nominee for Congress,) at which Dr. D. Clarke was Chairman, the Fugitive Slave Lawwas strenuously opposed, and these among other resolutions adopted : Resolved. That we request our State Representatives and ensions to pass a law similar to that lately passed by the tate of Vermont, securing the right of hobes corpus, and e right of trial by jury to the alleged fugitive from

Slavery.

Resolved. That we will support no man for office who is not opposed to the "Faginve Bill." THE LICENSE LAW ABROGATED .- The Ohio Constitutional Convention, as we learn from the

O. S. Journal, adopted the following as an amendment to the report on the subject: "No license for traffic in intoxicating liquors shall hereafter be granted in this State; but the General Assembly may by law provide against evils resulting therefrom." The vote stood yeas

report as amended was then engrossedyeas 48, nays 45.

The Friends of Temperance, have not worked

OHIO .- The friends of Gen. WINFIELD SCOTT met at the Court-House in Hamilton, Butler Co-Jan. 25, and nominated him for the Presidency. The sall for the meeting was signed by about fifty persons.

The resolutions conclude as follows : Resolved, That General WINFIELD SCOTT is

worthy of the highest honors a nation's grat tude can bestow, and will be our first choice for President of the United States in 1852.

Resolved, That the first choice of this meeting for Vice President in 1852, is Ex-Governor Jones. of Tennessee.

MICHIGAN.-Charles J. Fox has been appointed by Gov. Barry as the successor of Judge Tisdale,

JAMAICA PRODUCTS .- We have received from Mr. J. S. Hyde, of the Brainard Mission Station, Jamaica, a collection of the Land Shells of that Island and a far more beautiful and interesting specimens of the most valuable Jamaica Woods embracing a variety of trees hitherto unknown to us. They seem in general to be remarkably close, fine grain, susceptible of the highest polish, and we think several of them might be used with advantage in cabinet-work, &c. Mr. Hyde will gladly supply specimens of Jamaica woods, 130 varieties, to any one who will remit \$5 therefor through the Am. Miss. Association, 61 John-st.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN GOLD .- Mr. Smithey, from whom we obtained part of the news from Central America, published in yesterday's Tribune, informs us that the account of the discovery of a gold placer near Chinandega, which we translated from the Correo del Istmo, was proved to be a humbag, just before he left the country. It was a speculation of some enterprising hotel-owners in Chinandega to draw a crowd there and increase their profits. They procured a small quantity of gold dust, and secretly scattered it here and there, in the soil. After this was washed out by the discoverers, no more was to be found. Mr. Smithey dug two days at the spot without finding a parti cle of the dust: so that our gold hunting friends cannot yet stop short of California.

GEN. MOSQUERA .- Our letters from Washington state that Gen. Mosquera, Ex-President of the Republic of New-Grenada, has been treated with much attention in that city. On Thursday last, he dined with Mr. Webster, and on Thursday next he is invited to dine with the President. Gen. Mosquers, whose intelligent and liberal policy has made him justly popular in his native country, possesses an immense private for-tune, a large portion of which he has wisely invested in agricultural undertakings, with a view to introduce all modern improvements in that branch of labor.

Will the Tribune Correct?

But the value of the St. Lawrence to us has been greatly overrated. Since the adoption of the Bonding System in this country, the great bulk of Canadian produce finds its way through the Eric Canal via Rochester and Oswego to this city, and by the Ogdensburgh Railway to Boston.

We must beg the Tribune, from which we take

We must beg the Tribune, from which we take the above paragraph, to make a correction. It is not true that the great bulk of Canadian pro-duce passing over the Ogdensburgh Railroad, finds its way to Boston. On the other hand, it is not long since we published a table compiled at the Custom House at this Port, showing that more than four fifths of the bonded freight pas-sing over the Ogdensburgh road, was destined for New-York, and but a trifle over fourteen hundredths for Boston. We presume that the it is nevertheless due to truth that the fact be correctly stated, especially as great efforts are making to show that the Ogdensburgh Railroad is diverting trade greatly from New York.

LAW IN CALIFORNIA .- Messrs. Crosby and Belknap, Lawyers and Land Agents, whose ard appears in our advertising columns this morning, have located themselves in San José. California. They are both known to as as gentlemen of talent and assiduity in their profession. Mr. Crosby has been for several years a resident the subject of Land Titles—a most available knowledge at the present time. The firm, we doubt not, will find abundance of work before

CANADIAN DIRECTORY .- The attention of those interested in Canadian affairs, is called to the advertisement of the "Directory of the Province of Upper and Lower Canada," which will be found in another column. The work must be of particu lar interest to our business men.

The Industrial Legislature will assemble at the room under the Visitor Office, No. 21 State-st., on Tuesday, Feb. 11, at Trenton, 1 o'clock, P. M., and continue in session during the week. Members of the State Legislature are invited to

FIRE AT BALTIMORE.—A destructive fire occurred on Fell's Point, Baltimore, on Saturday afternoon, which consumed six three story houses. The loss is not far from \$30,000, the whole of which is covered by insurance,

INTERESTING TO DISCHARGED SOLDIERS,-It has been decided by the Pension Office that a soldier engaged to serve six months and actually serving four, and hiring a substitute for the remainder, both are entitled to Bounty Land according ing to the actual amount of service rendered by

RUN OVER BY AN ENGINE -A young man named Joseph Nash was run over on Sunday afternoon, as the corner of Hudson and Christopher sts. by Engine No. 34, and very seriously injured. He was taken to a drug store where he was medically treated, and thence to his place of residence. LAW COURTS.

Supreme Court SATURDAY, Feb. 3.

Wm. Cauldwell vs. Murphy & Kavanagh.—To recover damages for injury to self and death of a child of plaintiff, caused by the upsetting of a Harlem stage, already referred to. The Court, during the trial, stated that the statute allowing damages to anything for the death of a damaged new to the statute of ges to next kin, for the death of a deceased person, contemplated pecuniary damages only, not to exceed \$5,000, and does not intend to compensate for wounded feeling caused by the death of the friend—the child in question having been of a service of the contemplate of the contemplate of the friend—the child in question having been of a service of the contemplate of the co very tender age no pecuniary damage could have arisen to plaintiff from its death, unless it might have been funeral expenses, which has been shewn in evidence—were it not, therefore, that plaintiff also claims for injury to himself, the case would have been nonsuited. The damage therefore, must be on latter ground.

be on latter ground.

In its charge, the Judge stated that the stage having been intended for passengers on top as well as inside, plaintiff, with his child, had a right to go there, and if it was hazardous, rendering the to go there, and if it was nazardous, rendering the stage top heavy and unsafe the proprietor of the stage is liable for injury arising therefrom—so he would be if the injury arose from the stage being old and unfit for the business, as has been charged -but there is no evidence that such was the case. The priscipal question will be whether there was negligence on the part of the driver, or if, as the driver himself in his testimony asserted, it was driver himsell in his testimony asserted, it was an unavoidable accident—he saying that a stone rolled down, over which the stage was upset.—The Judge then commented on the fact that the driver had not so alleged before the Coroner's indriver had not so alleged before the Coroner's inquest, and that the stones having been placed to keep the dirt up on the embankment (thrown up in excavating) whether it was probable the stone, and so large a one, would have been on top of the bank? If it was negligence on the part of the driver, or the mode was improper of having passengers on top by which the injury was caused, defendants are liable—if it was purely an accident, and unavoidable, they are not liable. The Jury, after being out some time, sent into Court saying they could not agree. They were ordered, however, to be kept together for some time longer.

Stacey Pitcher vs. Eric Railroad Company.—Application for injunction to restrain the Company from proceeding with the buildings in process of

Application for injunction to restant the company from proceeding with the buildings in process of erection by them as a depot and stores, on land leased from the city at the foot of Duane-st. and to compel them to take down what has been

This case, the argument of which was commenced a month or two ago, was resumed, Mr H. Nicoll appearing for applicant and Messrs. Wm.

Kent and Samuel Jones opposed.

Mr Pitcher is in possession of property at the side of Duane st. He contends that the square which has been leased was thrown open by the city as a public square or highway, and cannot be built upon. This is denied, it being contended that the city owned and had a fall right to lease. Further argument adjourned to Saturday, 22d inst. Superior Court MONDAY, Feb. 10.

William Cauldwell vs. Murphy & Kavanagh .-To recover damages for injury caused by the up setting of a Harlem stage, already referred to.— Verdict for plaintiff, \$625.

Court of Common Plens ... SATURDAY, Feb. 3.

Before Judge Daly.

Abraham B. Vanderpool vs. Joseph B. Smith.—
Mr. V. claims that Mr. Burritt, broker, was his agent: and that he, through Mr. B., negotiated for Mr. S. a purchase of eight houses in Seventh-av., between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth sts., corner of latter, for \$12,000, and subject to an incumbrance that existed upon them. He claims commissions for this, and also for selling a house in Rivington st. for Mr. S., which, with \$7,000 on an Illinois bond, \$1,500 in money, and \$500 in notes, were paid by Mr. S. for the houses. Mr. V. sues to recover \$600—\$100 for commissions on the bond and house, and \$500 alleged, through Mr. Burritt, to have been promised him.

The defense is that Mr. Burritt is, in fact, the

plaintiff-neither Mr. Smith, nor Mr. McArdle. rom whom the buildings were bought, knowing Mr. V.; but both, without the other being aware of it, employed Mr. Burritt.

of it, employed Mr. Burritt.

The Court, in its charge, after stating the claim, said Mr. Smith denies he had anything to do with Mr. Vanderpool; that Mr. B. is the real party; and that the name of Mr. V. is merely used that Mr. B. may be a witness. It is important for the Jury to consider whether Mr. B. is the real party or not because on that depends the right of reor not, because on that depends the right of re

As to brokerage, it is a well established custom that the seller, and not the purchaser, is the person to pay the commission, and before a recovery can be had it must be made to appear that there was a special contract that the purchaser should One important feature in the case is, that Mr.

B. sppears to have made a double concealment. He concealed from Mr. S. the true extent of the incumbrance, and from Mr. McArde the fact that he had sold the houses for \$12,000. Mr. McA. wanted that sum, but Mr. B. said he could get but \$11,500, and Mr. McA. spoke to his brother Philip, for whom he was acting as agent, and who consented to take \$11,500. A broker, acting thus in a fiduciary capacity, is bound to act in good faith, and to inform his principal of the exact state faith, and to inform his principal of the exact state of affairs. He is not allowed by law to conceal anything, or turn anything to his own advantage. He says if he had got the difference he would not have given it to either of the parties. Fear of not

authorize a private advantage like this.

Mr. B. says he is agent for Mr. Vanderpool.

This gentleman is also a broker, and they keep in the same office. Mr. B. says he gets no regular salary, but they take, occasionally, a retrospective view of what he bas done and settle. Mr. B. says does brokered by the same of th B. also does brokerage business on his own ac count. It is for the Jury to determine. Mr. B. says he was agent for Mr. V. and acting as such, in his employment. His testimony is unim-peached, and must be believed unless the Jury think there is good and sufficient reason to hold that he is not fully so in the sense.

Court of Common Pleas.... MONDAY, Feb. 10. Abraham B. Vanderpool vs. Joseph B. Smith.— To recover as principal broker (Mr. Burritt being alleged to be agent in negotiating for the pur-chase of houses, already referred to.—Verdict for defendant. U. S. Marshal's Office ... SATURDAY, Feb. 8.

Arrest of a Gang of Counterfeiters.—A vast amount of spurious coin is in circulation, particuamount of spurious coin is in circulation, particu-larly in the interior of the State, and by the ac-tivity of Messrs. De Angelos and Rackielewitz, two of the Deputy Marsoals, we are glad to say that a large body of the gang engaged in counter-feiting have been detected. Yesterday afternoon officer Rackielewitz, having obtained a clue to the abode of the coiners, proceeded to the neighborhood of the Five Points, where he found two men named James Smith and — Kelly, whom he arrested, after a most desperate resistance, in a dark entry; the officer, being alone, was obliged to show arms before he could succeed in taking them off. On the person of Smith be found up-ward of twenty counterfeit quarter dollars, very badly done, and easily detected. Having ascertained some facts from Smith, Rackielewitz and De Angeles repaired, in the evening, to the Old Brewery, Five Points, where they arrested six other men and women, in a small room without a window. They also found there a mold and other implements for coining, together with a quantity metal. On the day previous, Rackielewitz as rested two other persons in Brooklyn, engaged in the same trade. The following are the names of the parties engaged: James Lawson, Elizabeth Lawson, James Smith, — Kelly, Farrell Mc-Govern, Michael Green, Mary Conlan, Elizabeth Green, Catharine Hobbs, Thomas Connolly.

Superior (Cal.) Court. In this Court yesterday the case of John H. Still vs. Joseph W. Gregory was tried before Judge Smith. It was an action brought by plain-

tiff (a periodical and newspaper agent) to recover tiff (a periodical and newspaper agent) to recover from defendant (express agent) for the non-deliv-ery of two packages of *Tribunes*, which it is al-leged were forwarded from New York by Grego-ry's Express, but which were not received by defendant. Mr. Gregory, on the arrival of the steamer, gave the plaintiff an order upon the Captain for the delivery of the bundles, but they could not be found, and it is probable they were lost upon the Isthmus. Having undertaken to convey them from New-York to this port, however, the law which governs common carriers would hold the defendant responsible. Exceptions were taken to the ruling of the Court in two or three instances. The Jury rendered a verdict in favor of plaintiff for \$250—Chetwood, Edwards & Turk for plaintiff; Heydenfeldt, Dwinelle & Holt for defendant. [Alta California.

Tribune's Special Dispatches.

Syracuse.

Our Mint-Stenmships-Bulwer, &c. WASHINGTON, Monday, Feb. 10.
A movement is now on foot here to de-

feat the New-York Mint bill by establishing a full Mint in California. The Senate's Committee is acting illib-

erally with regard to the proposed Antwerp line of Steamships, in view of the liberal

offers of the Belgian Government. Sir HENRY BULWER, it is probable, will

shortly resign and return to England, on account of his infirm health. Dr. T. M. FOOTE of Baffalo (late Charge to Bogota) goes to Russia as Minister Ple-

Butfalo, will accompany him as Secretary of Legation.

nipotentiary, and Mr. ADAMS, formerly of

Canal Locks. ALBANY, Monday, Feb. 10. The Canal Board has rescinded the resolution directing the lengthening of the locks west of

By Telegraph to The New-York Tribune.

Southern Magnetic Telegraph Office, cor. Hanover and Beaver se

Caving in of a Vanit-Two Lives Lost.

Two men named Frederick Myke and John Hourke were instantly killed this afternoon by the falling in of a large beer vault on the Germantown Road, near the first gate, and five oth-

ers were badly injured.

Items of Southern News. BALTIMORE, Monday, Feb. 10-11 P.M.
The latest mail due here from New Orleans,
viz; Feb. 3, has been received. From the papers received by it we extract the following;
The amount of Cotton received at New Orleans up to the 1st inst. reached 578,800 bales, against

up to the lat inst. reached 578,600 bales, against 516,000 bales during the same period last year.
Judge Sharkey has written a letter declaring that two-thirds of the people of Mississippi are now satisfied with the Compromise, provided the Fugitive Slave Law is fully enforced.
Capt. Wilson of the unfortunate stoamer America, says that his vessel broke in two before he left it.

Arrival of the Fanny at New-Orleans.

New-ORLEANS, Friday, Jan 31. The steamship Fanny has just arrived, and beside a full complement of passengers and other freight, she brings \$150,000 in specie for the New-

Orleans Banks. Washington Items. Washington, Monday, Feb. 10.
The Pension Office have decided that where a solder engaged to serve six months and actually served four and hired a substitute for the remain-

der, both are entitled to Bounty Land according to the actual amount of service rendered. The contracts for the printing for the next Congress were opened last Saturday. We learn that Mr. Rives of the Globe is the successful.

Mr. Rives of the Globe is the successful competi-tor for the largest portion, at prices even below those paid for printing for the present Congress. Boyd Hamilton of Philadelphia was the lowest bidder for the remainder.

Melancholy Suicide.

Thoy, Monday, Feb. 10.

A melancholy suicide occurred here yesterday afternoon. The wife of Henry Z. Hayner, one of our most respectable lawyers, was found hanging in the garret of her house, quite dead. She leaves five children. The cause of the act was temporary derangement.

Baltimore, Monday, Feb. 10.

George R. Richardson, the Attorney General of Maryland, died suddenly at Baraum's Hotel, this morning.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, Monday, Feb. 10.

SENATE.—A report was made by the Commissioners appointed by the Legislature to investigate certain grave charges against the Bank of Susquehannah, which failed last Spring under very suspicious circumstances—ordered to be printed. A communication from the State Treasurer as to the amount of Tax due by Banks on Dividends paid during the last three years, was read and ordered to be printed.

HOUSE.—Petitions upon the Tariff Bill are under consideration to-day. der consideration to-day.

Bulloch, the Defaulting Cashier, Convicted. SAVANNAH, Saurday, Feb. 8.

The trial of George J. Bullock, the defaulting cashier of the Central Railroad Co., has been concluded. The jury, after a brief absence, returned with a verdict of guilty.

Death of the Maryand Atterney-General

George R. Richardson, Esq. Attorney-General for the State of Maryland, died at Barnum's Hotel this morning at 5 o'clock, after a short illness.

James Wilson, Jr. of the firm of Wilson & Son, one of the oldest firms of Baltimore, also expired this morning.

Weather Items. By Bain's Line, 29 Wall-st.

MONDAY, Feb. 10-7 P. M. WASHINGTON—Cloudy.

BALTIMORE—Foggy; looks like rain. Ther. 53.
PHLADELPHIA—Foggy, accompanied with rain. Wind SE. by S. Ther. 61; Bar. 29.19.

By Telegraph to the New-York Tribune-XXXIst CONGRESS ... Second Session.

SENATE.... WASHINGTON, Monday, Feb. 10.
A communication was received from the Treasury Department, with a statement of contracts made with and expenditures by the Department; also, the expenditures of the Marine Hospitals for the year 1850. Ordered to be printed.

Mr. PEARCE presented the credentials of Mr. Pratt, the Senator elect from Maryland for six years, from the 4th of March next.

Mr. SEWARD presented petitions against the

Mr. Seward presented petitions against the amendment of the Patent Laws.

Mr. Mason presented a petition from the majority of the Legislature of Virginia, and a petition from the majority of the Constitutional Convention of the same State, in favor of a line of transparent to the West Coast of Africa. steamers to the West Coast of Africa. He said steamers to the West Coast of Africa. He said he considered these petitions as expressing the opinion of signers only, and not of their constitu-ents. He did not consider them as instructions; did not believe Congress had power to appropri-ste money for deportation of free negroes. Mr. Halle presented petitions from Massachu-setts of several thousand citizens, in favor of the

Repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law. Tabled A communication was received from the Tresperintendent of Weights and Measures.

Mr. Bright presented petitions from Indians, in favor of a line of steamers to Africa.

Mr. Bell's Resolution was adopted directing an inquiry into the propriety of making alterations in the machinery of the steamer Allegheny to test the merits of the submerged horizontal Mr. Gwin's Resolution was adopted, directing

an inquiry into the expediency of abolishing a duty on flour imported from any port on the Pr cific into ports of the United States. Mr. HUNTER's Resolution was adopted, calling upon the President to communicate all information from the Mexican Minister relative to draft

by the Mexican Government on the United States Treasury, under the contract made by that Government with J. D. Marks, and the wishes of the Mexican Government in relation thereto. JEFFERSON DAVIS'S Resolution was adopted

that the President communicate the correspondence of the United State Consul at Panama will the Secretary of State and Postmaster General relative to the imposition of Taxes by New Grenada on citizens of the United States when s transitu across the Isthmus; also, as relates to the Mail Service of the United States on the Isthmes Mr. BRIGHT, of Indiana, introduced a bill of

planatory of the act known as the Fugitive Size Law of September, 1850. He explained his is as merely declaring that suits pending and rights existing under the law of 1793, were not in as way affected by the act of 1850. He said he has no intention to disturb the Compromise "Peace no intention to disturb the Compromise "Peace Measures. He would stand by them as long as any one else. This new "Fugitive Bill" was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The bill directing the distribution of books called "Annals of Congress" ordered on Saim day to be engrossed, was taken up.

Mr. A. C. Dodde, of Iowa, moved to recommit the bill with instructions, which was debated and the motion rejected, and the bill passed.

Mr. Badger's resolution was laid over, that the Senate meet hereafter at 11 o'clock.